Chemistry 150

Exam 4

Be sure to put your name on each page. This page can be removed from your exam so that you will have a Periodic Table handy throughout the exam, it does not need to be turned in. Show all your work for problems which require any sort of calculation, no credit will be given for answers without work shown. If you have shown a significant amount of work or multiple drawings for a problem, draw a box around what you consider your final answer.

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Avogadro's Number = 6.022 \times 10^{23} units/mol 32.00^{\circ}F = 0.000^{\circ}C = 273.15K
1 foot = 12 inches
1 inch = 2.54cm (exactly)
1 pound = 453.6 g = 16 ounces
1 amu = 1.6605 \times 10^{-24} g

Masses of subatomic particles:
Proton 1.00728 amu = 1.6726 \times 10^{-24} g

Neutron 1.00866 amu = 1.6749 \times 10^{-24} g

Electron 0.000549 amu = 9.1094 \times 10^{-28} g

Density of Water = 1.000^{g}/mL

R = 0.08206^{L \cdot atm}/mol \cdot K

PV=nRT
1 calorie = 4.184 J = 0.001Calorie
h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} Jsec
\lambda = h/mv
1 J = 1 kg (m/sec)^2
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$c = \lambda v = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{m}/_{\text{sec}}$
$E_{photon} = hv$

1																	2
H																	He
1.0079		_															4.0026
3	4											5	6	7	8	9	10
Li	Be											В	C	N	O	\mathbf{F}	Ne
6.941	9.0122											10.811	12.011	14.007	15.999	18.998	20.180
11	12											13	14	15	16	17	18
Na	Mg											Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
22.990	24.305											26.982	28.086	30.974	32.066	35.453	39.948
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	\mathbf{V}	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
39.098	40.078	44.956	47.88	50.942	51.996	54.938	55.847	58.933	58.69	63.546	65.39	69.723	72.61	74.922	78.96	79.904	83.80
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Rb	Sr	\mathbf{Y}	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	\mathbf{Cd}	In	Sn	Sb	Te	Ι	Xe
85.468	87.62	88.906	91.224	92.906	95.94	(98)	101.07	102.91	106.42	107.87	112.41	114.82	118.71	121.76	127.60	126.90	131.29
55	56	57	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
Cs	Ba	La	Hf	Ta	\mathbf{W}	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
132.91	137.33	138.91	178.49	180.95	183.84	186.21	190.23	192.22	195.08	196.97	200.59	204.38	207.2	208.98	(209)	(210)	(222)
87	88	89	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112		114		116		
Fr	Ra	Ac	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt									
(223)	226.03	227.03	(261)	(262)	(263)	(262)	(265)	(266)	(269)	(272)	(277)						

58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
140.12	140.91	144.24	(145)	150.36	151.97	157.25	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.94	173.04	174.97
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
Th	Pa	\mathbf{U}	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{k}$	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr
232.04	231.04	238.03	237.05	(244)	(243)	(247)	(247)	(251)	(252)	(258)	(258)	(259)	(260)

Multiple Choice: Circle the letter of the most correct response. (5pts. per question)

- 1. A covalent bond:
 - a. Involves sharing electrons
 - b. Is always polar
 - c. Forms ions in solution
 - d. Always contains a metal
 - e. Always has high bond energy
- 2. Electronegativity
 - a. Is the negative charge of an ion
 - b. Is the energy required to remove an electron from an atom in the gas phase
 - c. Is the energy required to remove a *pair* of electrons from an atom
 - d. Is a measure of how strongly an atom attracts electrons in a covalent bond
 - e. Is determined by assigning one electron to each atom of a bond
- 3. Electronegativity *increases*:
 - a. In the center of the Periodic Table
 - b. As the quantum number "n" increases
 - c. Top to bottom on the Periodic Table
 - d. Left to right across the Periodic Table
 - e. As atoms get larger
- 4. What orbital hybridization gives a see-saw molecular shape?
 - a. sp
 - b. sp^2
 - c. sp^3
 - $d. sp^3 d$
 - e. sp^3d^2

Periodic Trends: For each of the following, circle the correct response (1pts) and give a *brief* explanation of your choice (5pts).

- 5. Which atom is larger? Explain:
 - Mg vs. Sc
- 6. Which atom is smaller? Explain:
 - Si vs. P

7. Which bond is longer? Explain:

C-H vs. N-H

8. Which CO bond is shorter? Explain:

CO₂ vs. CH₃OH

9. Which bond is more polar? Explain:

Si-Br vs. Sn-O

10. Which has a larger first ionization energy? Explain:

Mg vs. Ca

11. Which X-P-X angle is larger? Explain:

PF₃ vs. PBr₃

For each of the following, write out a correct electron configuration. You may use noble gas shorthand notation for species below the 2^{nd} row of the Periodic Table. (6pts each)

- 12. Bismuth (At.# = 83)
- 13. Aluminum (At.# = 13)
- 14. Bromide ion (At.# = 35)
- 15. Germanium(II) ion (At.# = 32)

16. What are the 3 most likely charges (+ or -) of a silicon ion (At.# = 14)? Explain your answers. (16pts)

For each of the following, draw a correct Lewis Structure, determine the formal charge on each atom, name the electronic geometry, draw an appropriate VSEPR structure, name the molecular shape, and show the dipole moment of any polar molecules/ions. (16pts each)

17. TeCl₄

18. IF₄

19. ICl₂⁺